the organised and unorganised sector and details regarding number, quantity produced etc. are not maintained centrally. Since liberalisation in 1991, till December, 1996, 3,885 Industrial Entrepreneur Memorandums (IEMs) have been filed in the various sectors of food processing. Out of this, 511 Industrial Entrepreneur Memoranda have been implemented so far. In respect of Karnataka IEMs filed are 90 and implemented are 12. Similarly 908 approvals for Joint Venture, 100% Export Oriented Units and Industrial Licences proposals have been granted till November, 1996. Out of this, 155 proposals have been implemented so far. In respect of Karnataka approvals granted are 47 and implemented are 11. The Ministry extends financial assistance under its plan schemes to State Government Organisations/Cooperatives/Voluntary Organisations including Non-Government Organisations for setting up/expansion/modernisation of food processing units.

*[Translation]*

**Budgetary Support for Power Sector**

682. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have reduced the budgetary support to the power sector under the pressure of some foreign institutions; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER (DR. S. VENUGOPALACHARI): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

**Adulteration in Kerosene**

683. DR. RAM KRISHNA KUSMARIA:
SHRIMATI KETAKI DEVI SINGH:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the case of adulteration in kerosene have sharply increased in the country;

(b) the number of such cases detected during the last six months;

(c) the action taken against the adulterations; and

(d) the details of measures taken by the Government to check the adulteration in kerosene?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI T.R. BAALU): (a) No, Sir.

(b) No cases of adulteration in kerosene have been detected during the last six months.

(c) Does not arise.

(d) Regular/surprise inspections are conducted by field officers of the oil companies and joint industry teams at SKO dealerships. Action is taken under the Marketing Discipline Guidelines against the erring dealers.

*[English]*

**Oil Wells**

684. SHRIMATI GEETA MUKHERJEE: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) Whether most of the wells drilled by the Bay Exploration Project of Oil India Limited along Mahanadi Basin and the North-East coast were abandoned before attaining the required depth; and

(b) if so, the number of wells drilled in the area since the Bay Exploration project was set up and the reasons for abandoning the Wells before attaining the targeted depth?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI T.R. BAALU) : (a) and (b) Oil India Limited has drilled 7 wells in Mahanadi Offshore, 4 wells in Mahanadi onshore and 4 wells in NEC Offshore areas i.e. a total of 15 wells. Out of these 3 wells reached the required depth, 6 wells encountered basement or crystalline rocks, therefore, further drilling had to be terminated. The remaining 6 wells were not drilled upto target depth due to downhole problems.

*[Translation]*

**New Employment Policy**

685. KUMARI UMA BHARATI :
SHRI CHHITUBHAI GAMIT :
SHRI PRABHU DAYAL KATHERIA :

Will the Minister of PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state :

(a) Whether the Government have formulated any new policies to generate more employment opportunities;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) the States included under new policies; and

(d) the number of persons likely to get employment as a result thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION AND MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRI YOGINDER K. ALAGH) : (a) to (d) Priority to agriculture and rural development will be given to generating adequate productive employment in the Ninth plan. Recognising the high incidence of under employment and increasing casualisation of labour, there is need to enhance employment opportunities for the poor. In this context, the Ninth Plan will implement a National Employment Assurance Scheme. Productive employment is an important dimension of the State policy that will seek to achieve growth with equity. Greater productive employment will be generated in the growth process itself by concentrating on sectors, sub-sectors and technologies which are labour